## SDTDUS

## Overview

## Fractions we learn:


-Equivalent Fractions -Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers -Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions -Number Sequences -Compare/ Order Fractions Less/ Greater than 1 -Add Fractions -Add 3+ Fractions -Add Mixed Numbers -Subtract Fractions
-Subtract Mixed Numbers -Multiply Fractions by Integer

> -Fractions of an Amount -Fractions as Operators

This learning is important because...
it helps us to understand the parts that can make up a whole amount. This is needed in lots of areas of life (e.g. sharing, cooking, making). Fractions are the building blocks of other learning in maths.


## Equivalent Fractions and Fractions of Quantities

Equivalent Fractions
-Equivalent fractions have different numerators and denominators, but have the same value, e.g. 1/2=2/4.


To find equivalent fractions, multiply or divide the numerator and denominator by the same number

## Fractions of Quantitie

To find the fraction of a number, divide by the denominator and multiply by the numerator.

e.g. for $1 / 6$ of 30 , calculation is $30 \div 6=5$
for $4 / 6$ of 30 . calculation is $30 \div 6=5.5 \times 4=20$

Unit Fractions
A unit fraction is as a fraction whose numerator is 1 . It represents 1 shaded part of all the equal parts of the whole.
 $\left.\frac{1}{12}\left|\frac{1}{12}\right| \frac{1}{12}\left|\frac{1}{12}\right| \frac{1}{12}\left|\frac{1}{12}\right| \frac{1}{12}\left|\frac{1}{12}\right| \frac{1}{12}\left|\frac{1}{12}\right| \frac{1}{12} \right\rvert\, \frac{1}{12}$

## Non-Unit Fractions

A non-unit fraction is a fraction where the numerator (the number on the top half of the fraction) is greater than 1.


## Adding and Subtracting Fractions

## Adding Mixed Numbers

-Convert the mixed number to improper fraction, then make the denominators the same. Add the fractions and then convert back to mixed number

$$
1 \frac{2}{3}+\frac{2}{3}=\frac{5}{3}+\frac{2}{3}=\frac{7}{3}=2 \frac{1}{3}
$$

Subtracting from a Mixed Number

$$
1 \frac{2}{3}-\frac{2}{9}=1 \frac{6}{9}-\frac{2}{9}=1 \frac{4}{9}
$$

-Find the common denominator before subtracting. Remember to give your answer as a mixed number (unless told otherwise)

Subtracting
Two Mixed
Numbers

| $=\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{4}$ | Change to improper fractions |
| :--- | :--- |
| $=\frac{19 \times 2}{2 \times 2}-\frac{21}{4}$ | Change to common denominator |
| $=\frac{38}{4}-\frac{21}{4}$ | Subtract the numerators |
| $=\frac{17}{4}=4 \frac{1}{4}$ | Change to mixed numbers |

Subtracting from a Mixed Number - Breaking

| Step 2 | the Whole |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3 \frac{2}{7}=2+1+\frac{2}{7}$ | Step 3 |
| $=2+\frac{7}{7}+\frac{2}{7}$ | $2 \frac{9}{7}-\frac{5}{7}=2 \frac{4}{7}$ |
| $=2 \frac{9}{7}$ |  |

## Key Vocabulary

